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|  | Картинки по запросу |  |
| ***With the financial support of the Russian Federation*** |  |

**Trust Fund of the Russian Federation**

**Implementation status of the “Integrated Area-Based Development of Osh Province in Kyrgyzstan” Program for the 1st half-year of 2017**

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| --- | --- |
| **Project title:** | Integrated Area-Based Development of Osh Province |
| **Identification number:** | 00089664 |
| **Implementing partner:** | Ministry of Economy of the Kyrgyz Republic |
| **Budget:** | Total: USD 4 058 750  Trust Fund: USD 3 500 000  UNDP input: USD 58 750;  Government input: up to USD 500 000 (to be mobilized) |
| **Implementation period:** | July 2016 – December 2019 |
| **Period covered by report on the project’s implementation status of the is provided:** | January-July 2017 |
| **Input into the implementation of the Sustainable Development Goals in the Kyrgyz Republic:** | №1 No poverty;  №5 Gender Equality;  №6 Clean Water and Sanitation;  №8 Decent Work and Economic Growth;  №13 Climate Change Action;  №16 Peace, justice and strong institutions;  №17 Partnership for the Sustainable Development Goals |

ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| AWU | Association of Water Users |
| AA | Ayil aimak (administrative-territorial unit of a KR province) |
| АК | Ayil Kenesh (representative local self-government body elected by the citizens of the Kyrgyz Republic for a period of 5 years) |
| АО | Ayil Okmotu (executive body of a local self-government) |
| OPRG KR | Office of the Plenipotentiary Representative of the Government of the Kyrgyz Republic |
| ATVET | Agency for Vocational and Technical Education and Training |
| RES | Renewable energy sources |
| SAIEP | State Agency for Investments and Export Promotion under the ME KR |
| GEF | Global Environment Facility |
| DDP&SSES MH KR | Department of Disease Prevention and State Sanitary and Epidemiological Surveillance of the Ministry of Health of the Kyrgyz Republic |
| ICT | Information and communication technologies |
| JIA | “Osh Jash Ishkerler Assotsiatsiyasi” Business Association |
| GIZ | “Assistance to Sustainable Economic Development” Program of the German Society for International Cooperation |
| KR | Kyrgyz Republic |
| MES KR | Ministry of Emergency Situations of the Kyrgyz Republic |
| EMERCOM RF | Ministry of Emergency Situations of the Russian Federation |
| MH KR | Ministry of Health of the Kyrgyz Republic |
| MH RF | Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation |
| LDC | Local Development Committee |
| ME KR | Ministry of Economy of the Kyrgyz Republic |
| NGO/NCO | Non-governmental/ non-commercial organization |
| OSCE | Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe |
| NSSD KR | National Strategy of Sustainable Development of the Kyrgyz Republic for the period 2014-2017 |
| LSG | Local Self-Government |
| VS | Vocational school |
| UNDP | United Nations Development Program |
| VTET | Vocational and Technical Education and Training |
| DED | Design and estimate documentation |
| SDA | State district administration |
| RIC | Regional Investment Council |
| RHC | Rural Health Committee |
| MM | Mass media |
| SPSD | Strategic Plan for Sustainable Development |
| RPADWU | Rural Public Association of Drinking-Water Users |
| MOS | Medical and obstetric station |
| CDM MH RF | Center for Disaster Medicine of the Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation |
| CES | Center for Entrepreneurship Support |
| SDG | Sustainable Development Goals |
| ECG | Electrocardiography |
| UNEP | United Nations Environmental Program |

1. INFORMATION ABOUT THE PROGRAM

1.1. Preconditions and Goal of the Program

In 2016, with the financial support of the Trust Fund of the Russian Federation, the UNDP in the Kyrgyz Republic launched the “Integrated Area-Based Development of Osh Province in Kyrgyzstan” Program.

The choice of Osh province for applying the integrated development model was stipulated by existing economic and political tensions. External/internal migration continues to increase at a relatively high rate which negatively impacts the economic development of the province both due to an outflow of qualified laborers and an influx of migrants from less developed regions of the Fergana valley and Central Asia, which also creates additional risks of social conflicts’ emergence.

The “Integrated Area-Based Development of Osh Province in Kyrgyzstan” is aimed at providing assistance to the Government of the Kyrgyz Republic in creating conditions for the prevention of violent conflicts and ensuring sustainable human development in Osh province. The Program will help to create various opportunities for target population groups in order to decrease vulnerability in the short-term and long-term perspectives through various economic activities, improved access to water, environmental security, creation of new jobs and rehabilitation of social and economic infrastructure.

The strategy of the “Integrated Area-Based Development of Osh Province in Kyrgyzstan” Program is in line with the national priorities as reflected in the National Strategy of Sustainable Development of the KR (NSSD of the KR).

1.2. Program budget and components:

Total budget of the Program – USD 3.5 million, including:

* Budget for 2016 – USD 1 million;
* Budget for 2017 – USD 0.5 million;
* Budget for 2018 – USD 1.4 million;
* Budget for 2019 – USD 0.6 million.

The Program consists of five (5) interrelated integrated components aimed at reducing poverty and improving living standards of vulnerable population groups in target communities as well as creating more favorable conditions for sustainable human capacity development in 17 municipalities of Kara-Kulzha, Nookat, and Uzgen districts in Osh province:

* Sustainable agriculture, tourism, trade and promotion of ‘green technologies’;
* Access to sustainable water supply for rural communities;
* Improvement in welfare of rural communities through a rehabilitation of social and economic infrastructure;
* Increase in the employment rate of the population through a strengthened system of vocational and technical education and training;
* Strengthening resistance of local communities to natural disasters.

1. PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION STATUS FOR THE FIRST HALF-YEAR OF 2017

Aggregate information on interim results broken down by program components for the first half-year of 2017 is provided below.

1. **Component 1 “Sustainable agriculture, tourism, trade and promotion of ‘green technologies’”**

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Item #** | **Objectives for 2017** | **Status** | **Challenges** |
| **1** | Assist 16 pilot municipalities in the development of local strategic plans for sustainable development reflecting interests of rural residents. | 365 people from 16 target municipalities, including 115 women, took part in 21 capacity building events on designing the local sustainable development plans in 16 municipalities. In addition to it, public groups that included Ayil Kenesh deputies, Local Self Government employees, businessmen, farmers, and activists, were established in 16 target municipalities to ensure participatory approach to the development of the local strategic development plans.  The process applies the Methodology of Strategic Planning for Sustainable Development at the local levels endorsed by the Ministry of Economy. To test the methodology framework, UNDP helped the partners to elaborate on three pilot local strategies in Isanov ayil aimak in Nookat district, Tort-Kol ayil aimak in Uzgen district and Sary-Bulak ayil aimak in Kara-Kulzha district. These strategies also included joint action plans on interaction between Local Self-Governments and pilot communities. 334 people (42%were women) attended public hearings to discuss draft local development strategies and provide feedback. The strategies were also assessed against their compliance with the National Strategy of the Sustainable Development and Methodological Guidelines.  The local strategic planning process in 16 municipalities will be completed by the end of 2017. | Quite often the rhetoric of local self-government representatives and communities surrounding the local development gaps and solutions is motivated by high aid dependency.  Low capacity for data collection at the level of municipalities to ensure evidence-based policy making  Low level of interaction between local self-governments and communities to discuss and articulate common development issues |
| **2** | Provide assistance in organizing a business-process in Center for Entrepreneurship Support, localizing activities of a Regional Investment Council (hereinafter RIC) at the district level as a model platform for dialogue between local authorities and the region’s entrepreneurs. | The Office of the Plenipotentiary Representative of the Government of the Kyrgyz Republic in Osh Province, State Agency for Investments and Export Promotion, Business Assosiation “Osh Jash Ishkerler Assosiatsiyasi”, OSCE, GIZ and UNDP have signed joint memorandum of understanding aimed at consolidating the efforts and resources to boost local entrepreneurship. UNDP started procurement process for office equipment and furniture for the Center for Entrepreneurship Support.  UNDP facilitated a series of open discussions with the participation of 49 entrepreneurs and local authority representatives, including 15 women, and agreed on the key strategic areas of the Center for Entrepreneurship Support.  UNDP and partners piloted a localization of the Regional Investment Council platform in Nookat district where it gathered all local entrepreneurs to meet with local authorities and discuss business environment gaps. The discussions lead to establishing local council of entrepreneurs to promote regular information exchange and knowledge sharing. | Re-appointment of new heads in all pilot district administrations resulted into additional time needed to agree on the plans and joint actions.  Not sufficient local capacity to legal and business advisory support. |
| **3** | Provide assistance with the practical implementation of the UNDP “green village” Initiative in three pilot villages, which will result in over 500 people gaining access to information on entrepreneurship development using renewable energy sources. | UNDP and partners conducted in-depth capacity assessment and selected 6 target villages from three municipalities for application of “green village” concept (Jashyl Ayil Initiative) was made on the basis of a capacity assessment of all pilot communities.  As part of Jashyl Ayil initiative, UNDP collected, analyzed and approved proposals from initiative groups on renewable energy sources - 8 social infrastructure projects on LED street lighting and lighting in schools and Medical and Obstetric Station, solar water heaters, hydraulic ram pump, and 6 business support interventions on gasification of a sauna, a greenhouse and a shop for milk processing with bio-gas installations, solar dryer and greenhouse. Assessment was based on the thorough technical and economic evaluation through agreed set of criteria - urgency and priority, availability of conditions for installing renewable energy sources, contribution of the population and Local Self Government, coverage, gender factors, integration into local strategic development plans.  It is expected that implementation of above mentioned green-village projects will bring tangible benefits to 5775 beneficiaries, including a creation of new jobs. | Lack of knowledge about renewable energy sources hindered community mobilization and formulation of the demand.  Shortage of qualified experts in the area of developing technical specifications for renewable energy equipment and design estimates. |
| **4** | Creation of a long-term system of sustainable pasture management in three pilot municipalities together with the Associations of Pasture Users and with simultaneous local capacity building in issues of managing, using and improving pastures, sustainable use of natural resources and adaptation to climate change. | UNDP conducted in-depth participatory capacity assessment of Associations of Pasture Users and agreed on the results the communities, development partners and local authorities.  37 members of pilot Associations of Pasture Users and Jayit Committees, including 12 women (32%) participated in the a study tour to Suusamyr Valley to look at the best practice of sustainable pastures management based on the successful UNDP experience in Chui province.  Results of an inventory, a geo-botanical survey and an economic assessment of pastures in pilot municipalities were widely consulted with pasture users and Local Self Government through 18 events attended by 428 people, including 136 women (32%). After the completion of subsequent processes on developing cattle grazing plans and digitizing pasture maps, all obtained results will be used for the “Electronic Jayit Committee” information system to monitor the process of pastures’ degradation.  UNDP selected through open competition, appraised and signed grants agreements with local municipalities for implementation of seven local initiatives aimed at rehabilitation of pasture infrastructure (dip, planting trees on landslide-prone areas of pastures, a seed fund for growing fodder, a mobile shearing station for cattle, construction of palpation rails for cattle vaccination, etc.) with total $30,000 as total contribution from the Programme budget. The implementation of these initiatives will become an integral part of the local strategies. It is expected that over 41862 pasture users, including 20688 women, will benefit from these, including 21 new jobs creation. | Limited experts’ capacity to manage “Electronic Jayit Committee” information system.  Low capacity of Jayit Committees to manage conflict and risks associated with natural resources management.  Limited access to the internet in remote villages does not provide full benefits from “Electronic Jayit Committee”.  Inaccessibility, remoteness and high disaster hazards affected the timeliness of project’s implementation in the Kara-Kuldzha district. |
| **5** | Analysis of the province’s tourism potential and implementation of a set of measures for an active positioning of the Osh province at international tourism market, development of appealing and competitive tourist products with a wide range of services and the involvement of rural residents. | UNDP and partners organized 16 events to discuss recommendations of the local assessment of tourism attractiveness in target municipalities. Selected villages have great potential to explore additional tourism opportunities as they landscape includes rocky mountains, green pastures, historic and architectural monuments. The communities identified for pilots possess critical human capacities to develop environmental, pilgrimage and recreational types of tourism with attractive tourist products. Development of tourism was integrated into the local strategies process development. By the end of the year UNDP will support the implementation of several “tourism” initiatives. | Low level of state funding for tourism sector, weak state policy on infrastructure development, shortage of qualified specialists, presence of numerous bureaucratic barriers hinder the process of raising the tourist potential in Osh province.  Poor access to the Internet in remote villages limits marketing and information sharing opportunities.  Inaccessibility, remoteness and high disaster hazards jeopardize the timeliness of project’s implementation in the Kara-Kulzha district.  Mitigating poor cooperation between authorities, tourism business representatives, services and organizations working in the area of tourism support requires additional efforts. |

**Component 2 “Access to sustainable water supply for rural communities” and Component 3 “Improvement in welfare of rural communities through a rehabilitation of social and economic infrastructure”**

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Item #** | **Objectives for 2017** | **Status** | **Challenges** |
| **1** | Further institutional development of local service providers in the area of water supply (Association of Water Users and Rural public association of drinking water users), ensuring their organizational sustainability, as a result of which water users will be able to increase their awareness of issues related to safe water use, compliance with hygiene rules and water management. | UNDP and partners implemented thorough capacity assessment of rural water supply systems and operators in 30 pilot villages with involvement of 324 rural residents, including 145 women. Findings of the survey have been widely consulted and lead to the development of specific strategy to introduce efficient management mechanisms for Associations of water users and Rural public associations of drinking water users.  UNDP and partners selected and appraised 25 proposals for local initiatives aimed at rehabilitation of drinking water supply systems. Communities constantly receive advisory, technical, methodological support and are now able to prepare full-fledged financially and technically feasible project proposals. | High poverty incidence and financial instability affects the ability of rural residents to pay for water services.  Some regulatory gaps may bring to a risk of some conflicts during the Programme implementation. |
| **2** | Cooperation with Rural Health Committee on raising hygiene standards at the level of rural communities, improving hygiene infrastructure as well as providing district sanitary and epidemiological stations with equipment for ensuring water quality testing. | UNDP and partners conducted capacity assessment of Rural Health Committees in 30 pilot villages to engage them into promotion of hygiene, sanitary and living standards among rural residents. The study involved 179 rural residents, including 145 women. Findings of the assessment have been widely discussed with local partners and lead to designing grants support programme aimed at improving living standards.  UNDP reviewed and assessed 34 grant project proposals for improving sanitary conditions in social infrastructure facilities (Medical and obstetric Stations, schools, kindergartens, etc.) was completed. Communities regularly receive advisory and technical support in preparing financially and technically feasible project proposals.  UNDP in collaboration with the Department of Disease Prevention and State Sanitary and Epidemiological Surveillance of the Ministry of Health of the Kyrgyz Republic conducted an assessment of territorial bodies of state sanitary and epidemiological surveillance and agreed on specification for procurement of laboratory equipment and reagents for water quality testing, reconstruction of Sanitary epidemic station laboratory facilities. | Low level of interaction between Local Self-Governmnets and Rural Health Committee.  Shortage of qualified experts on developing technical specifications for equipment |
| **3** | Satisfying the population’s demand for Russia-manufactured technologies and equipment through organization of a procurement in accordance with the UNDP procedures | UNDP launched tender process for the procurement of 10 sets of Electrocardiography machines with a function of automatic deciphering and automatic external defibrillators (AED) for medical establishments, as well as one equipment set for purifying and disinfecting drinking water for a municipal enterprise. Preparation of bidding documents engages the Russian expertise. Equipment sets will be installed in Uzgen, Nookat, and Kara-Kulzha districts of the Osh province. | Insufficient capacity of staff in medical establishments and water supply organizations of pilot districts to apply new Russian technologies and equipment require additional funds for enhancing their skills and raising the population’s awareness of provided services. |

**Component 4 “Increase in the employment rate of the population through a strengthened system of vocational and technical education and training”;**

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Item #** | **Objectives for 2017** | **Status** | **Challenges** |
| **1** | Creation of new Vocational and technical education specializations and programs on the basis of market needs (including those of the Russian Federation) and increasing management effectiveness in pilot vocational schools with an emphasis on gender aspects of the labor market.  Implementation of a set of measures aimed at improving the infrastructure of target vocational schools, building institutional and human capacity, developing and implementing new academic programs and training techniques. | UNDP and partners conducted labor market assessment and main employment scenarios for the population of Osh province in the context of their vocational and technical education trajectories, and suggested a set of recommendations to improve the vocational education system. In consultations with Project partners, UNDP included two vocational education schools (vocational school #62 in Uzgen and vocational school #58 in Nookat district) as pilots for Programme interventions.  Th experts helped the shools to identify new professions with high demand on labor market (bee farming, automobile engineering, and greenhouse farming). The schools with the support from UNDP and GIZ introduced short-term courses on “Confectionery”, “Zoohygiene” and “Milk processing”. Gender and ethnic aspects were strictly observed during the selection of youth. The total number of youth who underwent short-term courses comprised 242 people, including 145 women (59%), Kyrgyz – 28 (70%), Uzbeks – 12 (30%). | Lack of coordination mechanisms to engage all actors in the area of vocational education and skills building.  Sometimes low interest of the schools’ heads and frequent fiscal inspections limits the space for expanding commercial activities of the schools to ensure long-term self-sustainability. |

**Component 5 “Strengthening resistance of local communities to natural disasters”**

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Item #** | **Objectives for 2017** | **Status** | **Challenges** |
| **1** | Conducting a risks assessment (including water management risks and bio-social hazards) at the level of pilot communities and developing a risks profile with recommendations for decreasing risks, including biological and social hazards, as well as a Plan of responding to possible disasters for pilot districts. | UNDP widely consulted the key outlines of the assessment of disaster risks, including risks in the water management sector and bio-social hazards and pushed it for tendering process. The results of the assessment will bring a set of recommendations to manage the risks of natural hazards, improvement of infrastructure and etc. | Limited number of qualified experts to conduct full-fledged disaster risks assessment |
|  | With the aim of providing assistance in increasing effectiveness of rescue operations during disasters, Ministry of Emergency Situations of the Kyrgyz Republic will receive a mobile hospital with an approved mechanism of its operation. | UNDP started negotiations with the Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation to engage Russian expert on mobile hospitals and conducting capacity building for employees of the Ministry of Health of the Kyrgyz Republic on mechanisms of interaction between the Ministry of Emergency Situations of the Kyrgyz Republic and the Ministry Health. The process also engages Disaster Medicine Center of the Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation, the Ministry of Emergency Situations of the Russian Federation, the Ministry of Emergency Situations of the Kyrgyz Republic. | Continuous debates between the Ministry of Emergency Situations and the Ministry of Health in the Kyrgyz Republic on division of labor and responsibilities in disaster medicine. |

**FUTURE PLANS (2017)**

* Local strategic planning process in 16 municipalities will be completed by the end of 2017 with concrete mapping of infrastructure rehabilitation projects to be funded through the Programme budgets.
* Support to full operationalization of the Center for Entrepreneurship Support in Osh.
* Organization of procurement process for green village initiative on renewable energy solutions - 8 social infrastructure project proposals (such as LED lightning of streets, schools, feldsher-obstetric stations, solar water heaters, hydrotan, etc.) and 6 business project proposals (gasification of a bathhouse, a greenhouse, workshop for processing milk with the biogas, solar fruit dryer and a greenhouse).
* Implementation of 7 local initiatives aimed at the rehabilitation of pasture infrastructure with total amount of the Programme’s contribution 30,000 USD will be completed by the end of the year.
* The small grant program supporting business projects in the tourism sphere will be implemented in the amount of 80,000 USD.
* Strengthening local capacities of water service providers (Water User Associations and Drinking Water Users' Associations) to ensure their organizational sustainability, proper management in the safe drinking and irrigation water supply systems. 34 grant proposals will be funded to improve sanitation facilities at social infrastructure facilities (feldsher-obstetric stations, schools, kindergartens, etc.) with a total cost of 160,000 USD.
* Strengthening capacity of the staff of two sanitary-epidemiological stations on water quality testing equipment and safety water measurement. The program will complete the repair works in two sanitary-epidemiological stations at the district level and provide equipment for testing water quality. The municipal water supply company in Uzgen will receive one set of equipment for cleaning and decontaminating drinking water manufactured in Russia.
* Medical institutions of the target communities will receive 10 sets of Electric Cardio-Graphic devices with the automatic decoding function and automatic external debris that are also manufactured in Russia.
* The list of new specialties for implementation will be determined by the target vocational schools, which will result in a set of measures to improve sustainability of vocational education.
* UNDP will finalize the results of disaster risk assessment that will guide a set of practical recommendations. The Ministry of Emergency Situations of the Kyrgyz Republic will receive a mobile hospital with an agreed mechanism for its functioning.

**COMMUNICATIONS ACTIVITIES AND VISIBILITY**

* The Communication strategy plan of the Programme “Integrated development of Osh oblast” funded by the Russian Federation had been developed for 2017.
* Products and publications for wide coverage are developed in accordance with the communication strategy approved at the 5th meeting of the Steering Committee of the UNDP and RF Trust Fund projects.
* Two quarterly newsletters on the program "Integrated Development of the Osh Oblast" were developed and disseminated among the partners.
* A list of publications of local media covering the Integrated Development of Osh Oblast program is given in Annex 1.
* A separate page has been created on the UNDP corporate website in the Kyrgyz Republic, which provides general information on the Programme “Integrated Development of Osh Oblast” as well as the interim results of the Programme.
* Two interns from the Russian Federations are involved in the implementation of the Program for this summer months.

**FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **OUTPUT** | **Budgeted for the reported period** | **Delivered for the reported period** | **Delivery rate for the reported period (%)** | **Budgeted for the entire project** | **Delivered since the project start** |
| **Output 1**  Activity1 Sustainable Development | **387, 100.00 USD** | **145,709.29 USD** | **37,64%** | **1 255 000.00 USD** | **11,61%** |
| **July-Dec 2016** |  | **21,132.45 USD** |  |  |  |
| **Jan-June 2017** |  | **124,576.84 USD** |  |  |  |
| **Output 2**  Activity2 Water Supply Rehabilitation | **151,900.00 USD** | **17,581.88 USD** | **11,57%** | **539,700.00 USD** | **3,26%** |
| **July-Dec 2016** |  | **3,722.07 USD** |  |  |  |
| **Jan-June 2017** |  | **13,859.81 USD** |  |  |  |
| **Output 3**  Activity3 Socio-Economic Infrastructure | **167,500.00 USD** | **17,758.73 USD** | **9,40%** | **460,500.00 USD** | **3,85%** |
| **July-Dec 2016** |  | **6,958.91 USD** |  |  |  |
| **Jan-June 2017** |  | **8,799.82 USD** |  |  |  |
| **Output 4**  Activity4 Vocational education | **60,556.00 USD** | **15,621.66 USD** | **25,79%** | **238,456.00 USD** | **6,55%** |
| **July-Dec 2016** |  | **851.15 USD** |  |  |  |
| **Jan-June 2017** |  | **14,770.51 USD** |  |  |  |
| **Output 5**  Activity5 Disaster Risk management | **46,500.00 USD** | **0 USD** | **0%** | **392,023.00 USD** | **0%** |
| **Activity 6 Program Management** | **112,369.93 USD** | **83,275.09 USD** | **74,10%** | **345,061.75 USD** | **24,13%** |
| **July-Dec 2016** |  | 30,670.94 USD |  |  |  |
| **Jan-June 2017** |  | 52,604.15 USD |  |  |  |
| **Admin Costs** |  | **64,919.76 USD** |  |  |  |
| **Salary** |  | **63,863.14 USD** |  |  |  |
| **Depreciation of Assets** |  | **1,056.62 USD** |  |  |  |
| **TOTAL:** | **1000 000.00 USD** | **342,866.40 USD** | **50,94%** | **3 500 000.00 USD** | **14,55%** |
| **July-Dec 2016** |  | **63,335.51 USD** |  |  |  |
| **Jan-June 2017** |  | **279,530.89 USD** |  |  |  |
| **Total commitments** |  | **786,196.52 USD** |  |  |  |
| **Commitments 2016** |  | **195,815.41 USD** |  |  |  |
| **Commitments 2017** |  | **590,381.11 USD** |  |  |  |

*In addition to the budget summary table please attach a Combined Delivery Report as an annex.*

**Annex 1**

**MEDIA COVERAGE REPORT WITH LINKS TO MAJOR PUBLICATIONS**

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| **№** | **Название статьи** | **Ссылка/статья** |
| 1 | Sustainable Development Goals will be implemented in the communities of Osh oblast on the basis of strategic plans | http://donors.kg/ru/3272-tseli-ustojchivogo-razvitiya-budut-realizovyvatsya-v-soobshchestvakh-oshskoj-oblasti-na-osnove-strategicheskikh-planov#.WKqomDh9Ds0 |
| 2 | Sustainable Development Goals will be implemented in the communities of Osh oblast on the basis of strategic plans | http://citykr.kg/start/news/521-2017-02-10-10-45-41 |
| 3 | Sustainable Development Goals will be implemented in the communities of Osh oblast on the basis of strategic plans | http://www.ca-cpp.org/ |
| 4 | Regional round table "Discussion of the best practices of projects financed by the Russian Federation and implemented by UNDP Area-Based development programmes in Armenia, Kyrgyzstan and Tajikistan" | http://www.time.kg/otrezok-vremeni/145478-v-bishkeke-obsudili-voprosy-sotrudnichestva-v-interesah-ustoychivogo-razvitiya-v-trehstoronnem-formate-rf-kr-proon.html |
| 5 | Regional round table "Discussion of the best practices of projects financed by the Russian Federation and implemented by UNDP Area-Based development programmes in Armenia, Kyrgyzstan and Tajikistan" | http://www.photo.kg/galereya/osnovnye/obschestvo/4466-k-ustoychivomu-razvitiyu-vmeste.html |
| 6 | First vice-mayor of Osh city Z.Askarov discussed with UNDP Resident Representative in the Kyrgyz Republic A.Avanesov the results of UNDP programs and further planned projects | https://www.facebook.com/%D0%9E%D1%88-%D1%88%D0%B0%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8B%D0%BD%D1%8B%D0%BD-%D0%BC%D1%8D%D1%80%D0%B8%D1%8F%D1%81%D1%8B-1483938755152014/?hc\_ref=NEWSFEED |
| 7 | Announcements about the launch of a small grant programme | https://www.facebook.com/photo.php?fbid=1917236321894385&set=a.1379298289021527.1073741828.100008241065383&type=3&theater |
| 8 | https://www.facebook.com/photo.php?fbid=1917229825228368&set=a.1379298289021527.1073741828.100008241065383&type=3&theater |
| 9 | https://www.facebook.com/photo.php?fbid=10213397543360902&set=gm.1397629576991870&type=3&theater |
| 10 | Russia had allocated 3,5 mln. USD for the development of Osh oblast | https://www.tazabek.kg/news:1376560 |
| 11 | About the interim results of the programme “Integrated Development of Osh oblast” | http://www.mineconom.gov.kg/index.php?option=com\_content&view=article&id=7172:%D0%BE-%D0%BF%D1%80%D0%BE%D0%B4%D0%B2%D0%B8%D0%B6%D0%B5%D0%BD%D0%B8%D0%B8-%D0%BF%D1%80%D0%BE%D0%B5%D0%BA%D1%82%D0%B0-%E2%80%9C%D0%B8%D0%BD%D1%82%D0%B5%D0%B3%D1%80%D0%B8%D1%80%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%BD%D0%BE%D0%B5-%D1%80%D0%B0%D0%B7%D0%B2%D0%B8%D1%82%D0%B8%D0%B5-%D0%BE%D1%88%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%BE%D0%B9-%D0%BE%D0%B1%D0%BB%D0%B0%D1%81%D1%82%D0%B8-%D0%BA%D1%80%E2%80%9D&catid=63:%D0%BD%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%BE%D1%81%D1%82%D0%B8&Itemid=920&lang=ru |
| 12 | The results of the survey on water supply inventory in 17 pilot villages of Osh oblast will be discussed in Osh | http://advocacy.kg/index.php/4561-21-iyunya-v-oshe-obsudyat-rezultaty-issledovaniya-po-inventarizatsii-vodosnabzheniya-v-17-pilotnykh-selakh-oshskoj-oblasti |
| 13 | Discussion on the programme funded by the Russian Federation. | https://rus.azattyk.org/a/28429049.html |
| 14 | Russia had allocated 3,5 mln. USD for the development of Osh oblast | http://evrazia-ural.ru/novosti/rossiya-vydelila-35-mln-dollarov-na-razvitie-oshskoy-oblasti-0 |
| 15 | Russia promotes stability in the south of the KR | http://www.ca-portal.ru/article:34702 |
| 16 | Implementing sustainable pasture management approaches | http://www.procurement.kg/tenders/%D1%82%D0%B5%D0%BD%D0%B4%D0%B5%D1%80-%D0%B2%D0%BD%D0%B5%D0%B4%D1%80%D0%B5%D0%BD%D0%B8%D0%B5-%D0%BF%D0%BE%D0%B4%D1%85%D0%BE%D0%B4%D0%BE%D0%B2-%D1%83%D1%81%D1%82%D0%BE%D0%B9%D1%87%D0%B8%D0%B2%D0%BE/ |
| 17 | Russia promotes stability in the south of the KR | http://www.peacekeeper.ru/ru/?module=news&action=view&id=30380 |
| 18 | Competition of project proposals for improving hygiene standards through the improvement of local social infrastructure | http://rcf.kg/ru/partners-activity/events/160-advertisement-140617 |
| 19 | Agency of primary and secondary vocational education under the Ministry of Education and Science of the KR | http://kesip.kg/ru/83 |
| 20 | “Integrated Development in Osh Oblast, Kyrgyz Republic” Programme, funded by the Russian Federation and implemented by UNDP in the Kyrgyz Republic in co-operation with national partners | <http://www.kg.undp.org/content/kyrgyzstan/en/home/operations/projects/sustainable_development/integrated-development-of-osh-oblast.html> |
| 21 | “Integrated Development in Osh Oblast, Kyrgyz Republic” Programme, funded by the Russian Federation and implemented by UNDP in the Kyrgyz Republic in co-operation with national partners | <http://www.kg.undp.org/content/kyrgyzstan/ru/home/operations/projects/poverty_reduction/integrated-development-of-osh-oblast.html> |

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